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## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Please amend claim 1 and add new claims 29-53, as shown in the following listing of claims, which will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. Claims 14-28 are previously withdrawn. Claims 1-13 and 29-53 are currently in the application.

## **Listing of claims:**

1 (currently amended). A method for the production of <u>cell cycle specific</u> differentiated hematopoietic cells comprising:

- a) culturing <u>purified</u> bone marrow stem cells <u>for cycle initiation from</u> resting state under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the cell cycle;
- b) contacting the cells with at least one growth factor or cytokine at a predetermined phase of the cell cycle; and
- c) subculturing the cells until <u>cell cycle specific</u> differentiated hematopoietic cells are produced.

2 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one growth factor cytokine comprises G-CSF, GM-CSF, or steel factor.

3 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein culturing the cells under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the cell cycle comprises culturing the cells in the presence of steel factor, thrombopoietin, and FLT3-ligand.

4 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the step of subculturing the cells is carried about for about 14 days.

5 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the predetermined

phase of the cell cycle is mid-S phase.

6 (original). The method of claim 5, wherein mid-S phase occurs about 32 hours

after initiation of the culturing of the stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous

progression through the cell cycle.

7 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise megakaryocytes.

8 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise platelets.

9 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise proliferative granulocytes.

10 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the predetermined

phase of the cell cycle is late S phase.

11 (original). The method of claim 10, wherein late S phase occurs about 40 hours

after initiation of the culturing of the stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous

progression through the cell cycle.

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12 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise mature (non-proliferative) granulocytes.

13 (previously presented). The method of claim 1, further comprising isolating the

differentiated hematopoietic cells from the subculture.

14 (withdrawn). A method of treating a subject having cytopenia comprising

administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the differentiated

hematopoietic cells produced according to the methods of claim 1.

15 (withdrawn). A method of preventing cytopenia in a subject comprising

administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the differentiated

hematopoietic cells produced according to the methods of claim 1.

16 (withdrawn). The method of any one of claims 14-15, wherein the subject has

or is at risk for developing cytopenia associated with cancer chemotherapy or radiation

therapy.

17 (withdrawn). The method of any one of claims 14-15, wherein the subject has

or is at risk for developing cytopenia associated with a bone marrow transplant.

18 (withdrawn). The method of any one of claims 14-15, wherein the cytopenia

is thrombocytopenia.

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19 (withdrawn).	The method of any one of claims 14-15, wherein the cytopenia
is granulocytopenia.	

- 20 (withdrawn). Hematopoietic cells produced by the methods of any one of claims 1, 14, or 15.
  - 21 (withdrawn). The hematopoietic cells of claim 20, which are macrophages.
  - 22 (withdrawn). The hematopoietic cells of claim 20, which are platelets.
- 23 (withdrawn). The hematopoietic cells of claim 20, which are proliferative granulocytes.
- 24 (withdrawn). The hematopoietic cells of claim 20, which are mature (non-proliferative) granulocytes.
- 25 (withdrawn). A method for the production of differentiated hematopoietic cells comprising:
- a) culturing bone marrow stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the cell cycle;
- b) contacting the cells with at least one growth factor or cytokine at a predetermined phase of the cell cycle, wherein:

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i) the growth factor comprises G-CSF, GM-CSF, or steel factor; and

ii) the predetermined phase of the cell cycle is mid-S phase or late

S phase;

c) subculturing the cells until differentiated hematopoietic cells are

produced; and

d) isolating the differentiated hematopoietic cells from the subculture.

26 (withdrawn). A method of treating a subject having cytopenia comprising

administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the isolated differentiated

hematopoietic cells produced according to the method of claim 25.

27 (withdrawn). A method preventing cytopenia in a subject comprising

administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of the differentiated

hematopoietic cells produced according to the method of claim 25.

28 (withdrawn). Isolated hematopoietic cells produced by the method of claim

25.

29 (new). The method of claim 1, wherein the predetermined phase of the cell

cycle comprises a differentiation hotspot.

30 (new). The method of claim 1, wherein the predetermined phase of the cell

cycle comprises a reversible differentiation hotspot.

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31 (new). The method of claim 1, wherein the step of contacting of the cells at the predetermined phase of the cell cycle favors a specific differentiation pathway.

- 32 (new). A method for the production of cell cycle specific differentiated hematopoietic cells comprising:
  - a) culturing bone marrow stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the cell cycle by:
    - i) providing purified bone marrow stem cells; and
    - ii) culturing the purified bone marrow stem cells for cycle initiation from resting state in medium comprising steel factor (FTS), FLT-3 ligand, and thrombopoietin to obtain a culture predominantly comprising synchronous bone marrow stem cells;
  - b) contacting the synchronous bone marrow stem cells with an inductive differentiation medium at a predetermined phase of the cell cycle, wherein:
    - i) the predetermined phase of the cell cycle is mid-S phase or late S phase; and
    - ii) the inductive differentiation medium comprises G-CSF, GM-CSF, and steel factor (FTS); and
  - c) subculturing the cells until cell cycle specific differentiated hematopoietic cells are produced.
- 33 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the predetermined phase of the cell cycle is mid-S phase and wherein mid-S phase occurs about 32 hours after initiation of the

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culturing of the stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the

cell cycle.

34 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the predetermined phase of the cell

cycle is late S phase and wherein late S phase occurs about 40 hours after initiation of the

culturing of the stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the

cell cycle.

35 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the step of subculturing the cells is

carried about for about 14 days.

36 (new). The method of claim 32, further comprising isolating the differentiated

hematopoietic cells from the subculture.

37 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the differentiated hematopoietic cells

comprise megakaryocytes.

38 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the differentiated hematopoietic cells

comprise platelets.

39 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the differentiated hematopoietic cells

comprise proliferative granulocytes.

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40 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the differentiated hematopoietic cells

comprise mature (non-proliferative) granulocytes.

41 (new). The method of claim 32, wherein the bone marrow stem cells comprise

Lineage<sup>negative</sup>Rhodamine<sup>low</sup>Hoescht<sup>low</sup> (LRH) cells.

42 (new). A method for the production of cell cycle specific differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprising:

a) culturing purified bone marrow stem cells for cycle initiation from

resting state under conditions that promote synchronous progression through the cell cycle;

b) selecting a phase of the cell cycle favoring a specific differentiation

pathway;

c) contacting the cells with at least one growth factor or cytokine at the

selected phase of the cell cycle; and

d) subculturing the cells until cell cycle specific differentiated

hematopoietic cells are produced.

43 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, wherein the predetermined

phase of the cell cycle is mid-S phase.

44 (original). The method of claim 43, wherein mid-S phase occurs about 32 hours

after initiation of the culturing of the stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous

progression through the cell cycle.

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45 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise megakaryocytes.

46 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise platelets.

47 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise proliferative granulocytes.

48 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, wherein the predetermined

phase of the cell cycle is late S phase.

49 (original). The method of claim 48, wherein late S phase occurs about 40 hours

after initiation of the culturing of the stem cells under conditions that promote synchronous

progression through the cell cycle.

50 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, wherein the differentiated

hematopoietic cells comprise mature (non-proliferative) granulocytes.

51 (previously presented). The method of claim 42, further comprising isolating the

differentiated hematopoietic cells from the subculture.

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52 (new). The method of claim 42, wherein the predetermined phase of the cell cycle comprises a differentiation hotspot.

53 (new). The method of claim 42, wherein the predetermined phase of the cell cycle comprises a reversible differentiation hotspot.